



RAFFLES INSTITUTION
H2 Mathematics (9758)
2025 Year 6

Tutorial S3: Normal Distribution

- 1 Given that $X \sim N(1.5, 2.5)$, evaluate
- (a) $P(X < 0.7)$, (b) $P(X \geq 3.7)$, (c) $P(1.1 < X < 2.3)$,
(d) $P(|X| \leq 0.5)$, (e) $P(|X| > 0.5)$ (f) $P(|X - 1.5| < \sqrt{2.5})$.
[(a) 0.306 (b) 0.0821 (c) 0.293 (d) 0.161 (e) 0.839 (f) 0.683]
- 2 Given that $Y \sim N(22, 5)$ and $Z \sim N(0, 1)$, find the value(s) of k such that
- (a) $P(Y < k) = 0.35$,
(b) $P(Y > k) = 0.8$,
(c) $P(k < Y < 25) = 0.46$,
(d) $P(|Z| > k) = 0.27$,
(e) $P(22 - k < Y < 22 + k) = 0.67$,
(f) $P(Y < k) > 0.3$.
[(a) 21.1 (b) 20.1 (c) 21.7 (d) 1.10 (e) 2.18 (f) $k > 20.8$]
- 3 The random variable X follows a normal distribution with mean μ and standard deviation σ . Given that $P(X < 20) = 0.14$ and that $P(X < 50) = 0.65$, calculate the values of μ and σ .
[$\mu = 42.1$, $\sigma = 20.5$]
- 4 The independent random variables X and Y are each normally distributed with means 6 and 8 respectively, and variances 9 and 16 respectively. Find
- (a) (i) $P(X < Y)$ (ii) $P(|X - Y| < 1.5)$.
(b) X_1, X_2 and X_3 are three independent observations of X and Y_1 and Y_2 are two independent observations of Y . Find
(i) $P(X_1 + X_2 + X_3 < 15)$,
(ii) $P(X_1 + X_2 > Y_1 + Y_2)$,
(iii) $P(2X > Y_1 + Y_2)$.
[(a)(i) 0.655 (ii) 0.218 (b)(i) 0.282 (ii) 0.286 (iii) 0.314]
- 5 The random variables X and Y are normally distributed with known means and variances. A student was asked to find the probability that sum of 3 independent observations of X differ from 3 times an observation of Y by at least 1. State an assumption that the student has to make to solve the question.

Part of the student's solution to this question is given as follows:

$$3X - 3Y \sim N(3E(X) - 3E(Y), 9\text{Var}(X) - 9\text{Var}(Y))$$

$$P(3X - 3Y \geq 1) = \dots$$

Point out 3 mistakes that the student has made.

[3]

- 6 The pineapples in a large warehouse have masses with a normal distribution. The mean of this distribution is 1.52 kg and the standard deviation is 0.070 kg. Six randomly chosen pineapples are packed in a box of mass 2.15 kg. Find the probability that the total mass of the filled box is less than 11.2 kg.

Find the probability that, out of 3 randomly chosen filled boxes, at least 1 has total mass less than 11.2 kg. [4]

[0.342, 0.715]

- 7 A company sells bags of cement in two sizes. The mass of a large bag of cement can be modelled by a normal distribution with mean 50 kg and standard deviation 2 kg. The mass of a small bag of cement can be modelled by a normal distribution with mean 30 kg and standard deviation 1.5 kg.

- (i) Find the mass that is exceeded by 99% of the large bags. [2]
 (ii) Find the probability that total mass of three small bags is less than twice the mass of one large bag. [3]
 (iii) State an assumption needed for your calculation in part (ii). [1]

Three large bags are selected at random.

- (iv) Find the probability that two weigh more than 53 kg and one weighs less than 53 kg.

[3]

[(i) 45.3 (ii) 0.982 (iv) 0.0125]

- 8 In this question you should assume that T , W and D follow independent normal distributions.

James leaves home to go to work at T minutes past 8 am each day, where T follows the distribution $N(5, 1.2^2)$.

- (i) Sketch this distribution for the period from 8 am to 8.10 am. [2]

- (ii) Find the probability that, on a randomly chosen day, James leaves for work later than 8.06 am. [1]

When the weather is fine, James walks to work. The time, W minutes, he takes to walk to work follows the distribution $N(21, 3^2)$. James is supposed to start work at 8.30 am.

- (iii) Find the probability that, on a randomly chosen day when James walks, he is late for work. [2]

When the weather is not fine, James drives to work. He still leaves at T minutes past 8 am each day; the time, D minutes, he takes to drive to work follows the distribution $N(19, 6^2)$.

On average, the weather is fine on 70% of mornings.

- (iv) One day, James is late for work. Find the probability that the weather is fine that day.

[5]

[(ii) 0.202 (iii) 0.108 (iv) 0.606]

- 9** In this question you should state the parameters of any distributions that you use.
A manufacturer produces specialist light bulbs. The masses in grams of one type of light bulb have the normal distribution $N(50, 1.5^2)$.

- (i) Sketch the distribution for masses between 40 grams and 60 grams. [2]
(ii) Two light bulbs are randomly chosen. Find the probability that one of the light bulbs has mass less than 50.4 g and the other has mass more than 50.4 g. [3]

Each light bulb is packed into a randomly chosen box. The masses of the empty boxes have the distribution $N(75, 2^2)$.

- (iii) Find the probability that the total mass of 4 randomly chosen empty boxes is more than 297 grams. [2]
(iv) Find the probability that the total mass of a randomly chosen light bulb and a randomly chosen box is between 124.9 and 125.7 grams. [3]

In order to protect the bulbs in transit each bulb is surrounded by padding before being packed in a box. The mass of the padding is modelled as 30% of the mass of the bulb.

- (v) The probability that the total mass of a box containing a bulb and padding is more than k grams is 0.9. Find k . [4]
(vi) Find the probability that the total mass of 4 randomly chosen boxes, each containing a bulb and padding, is more than 565 grams. [3]
[(ii) 0.478 (iii) 0.773 (iv) 0.126 (v) 137 (vi) 0.163]

- 10** Every weekday, the last train from Bedok Station leaves the station at 11.29 pm. Its travel time X (in minutes) from Bedok Station to Redbridge Station may be taken to follow a normal distribution with mean 30 and variance 9.

- (i) Find the travel time exceeded by 90% of the trips made by the last train. [2]

At 11.40 pm every weekday, Abel walks from his workplace to Redbridge Station to catch the last train. The time Y (in minutes) he takes follows a normal distribution with mean 16 and variance 4.

- (ii) Find the probability that the train arrives at Redbridge Station after 12 am and Abel arrives before 12 am. [2]
(iii) Find the probability that Abel will not miss the train. [3]
(iv) Explain why the answer to part (iii) is greater than the answer to part (ii). [1]

The time W (in minutes) taken by Dina to walk from her workplace to Redbridge Station has a mean of 4 and a variance of 6.

Explain why W is unlikely to be normally distributed. [1]

- [(i) 26.2 (ii) 0.361 (iii) 0.797]