

# **DUNMAN SECONDARY SCHOOL**

SECONDARY SCHOOL SINGAPORE		
CANDIDATE NAME		
CLASS		INDEX NUMBER
SEC	PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 20 ONDARY 4 EXPRESS / 5 NORMAL A	_
MATHEMAT	ICS	4052/02
Paper 2 Candidates answe	r on the Question Paper.	26 August 2025 <b>2 hours 15 minutes</b>
READ THESE INS	TRUCTIONS FIRST	
Write in dark blue o You may use a pe	class and index number on all the work you hand in. or black pen. ncil for any diagrams or graphs. , paper clips, glue or correction fluid.	Calculator Model
Omission of essen	ns. Indicate the desired for any question it must be shown with the answer. It is a specific to the desired for the desired fo	
f the degree of acc o three significant	roved scientific calculator is expected, where appropriat curacy is not specified in the question, and if the answer figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. our calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requir	is not exact, give the answer

#### Mathematical Formulae

Compound interest

Total amount = 
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone =  $\pi rl$ 

Surface area of a sphere =  $4\pi r^2$ 

Volume of a cone = 
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume of a sphere = 
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

Area of a triangle 
$$ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$$

Arc length =  $r\theta$ , where  $\theta$  is in radians

Sector area = 
$$\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$$
, where  $\theta$  is in radians

**Trigonometry** 

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

Statistics

$$Mean = \frac{\Sigma fx}{\Sigma f}$$

Standard deviation = 
$$\sqrt{\frac{\Sigma f x^2}{\Sigma f} - \left(\frac{\Sigma f x}{\Sigma f}\right)^2}$$

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1	(a)	Solve the inequality $2x-1 < \frac{5}{2}$	$\frac{+9x}{2}$
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- **(b)** It is given that  $b = \frac{2(n-5p^2)}{n-p^2}.$ 
  - (i) Find b when n = 1 and p = -2.

(ii) Express p in terms of b and n.

Answer 
$$p = \dots [3]$$

<i>(</i> )	C - 1 41 41	3x	2 7	
(c)	Solve the equation	$\frac{1}{2x-1}$	$-\frac{1}{5-x} = 7$	•

*Answer* ..... or ..... [5]

(a)	In 2023, the amount of waste recycled in Singapore was 3.553 million tonnes. The amount of waste disposed in Singapore was 3.3064 million tonnes.				
	(i)	How much more waste (in tonnes) was recycled than disposed in Singapore in 2023? Write the difference (in tonnes) in standard form, correct to three significant figures.			
		Answer tonnes [2]			
	(ii)	The amount of waste recycled in Singapore in 2020 was 3.040 million tonnes. Calculate the percentage increase in the amount of waste recycled from 2020 to 2023.			
		<i>Answer</i> % [2]			
		[2]			
	(iii)	From 2022 to 2023, the amount of waste recycled in Singapore decreased by 15.2%. Calculate the amount of waste recycled (in tonnes) in 2022.			
		Answer tonnes [2]			

**(b)** The cash price of a new car is \$120 000.

(	(i)	Jason buys the car on hire purchase. He pays a deposit of 20% of the cash price. He then makes 84 monthly payments of \$1400.
		What is the total amount that Jason pays for the car?
		Answer \$[2]
(	(ii)	The original value of the car is its cash price of \$120 000. Each year, the value of the car decreases by 15% of its value at the start of the year.
		Calculate the overall percentage decrease in the value of the car compared with its original value after 5 years.
		<i>Answer</i> % [2]

3	The daily growth rate, h millimeters per day, of Plant A is related to the number of hours of sunlight
	it receives each day, t, by the formula $h = \frac{1}{6}t^2(4-t)$ .

(a) Complete the table of values for  $h = \frac{1}{6}t^2(4-t)$ .

Values are given to 2 decimal places where appropriate.

t	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4
h		0.5	0.94	1.33	1.56	1.5	1.02	0

[1]

**(b)** On the grid opposite, draw the graph of 
$$h = \frac{1}{6}t^2(4-t)$$
 for  $0 \le t \le 4$ . [3]

(c) Use your graph to find the maximum number of hours of sunlight Plant A can receive to achieve a daily growth rate of 1 millimetre per day.

*Answer* ...... hours [1]

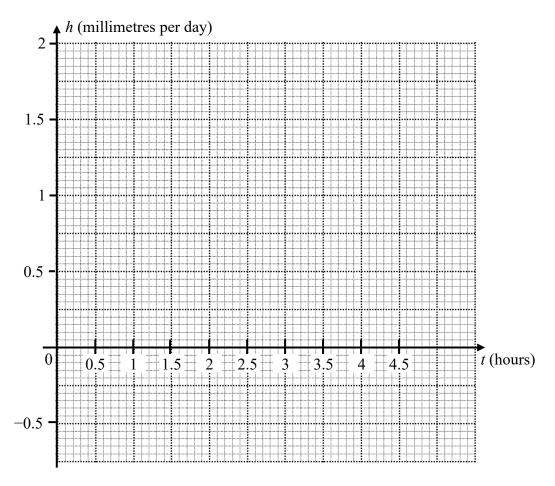
(d) (i) By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve at (3, 1.5).

*Answer* ...... [2]

(ii) What does the gradient in **part** (i) tell us about the effect of additional sunlight on the daily growth rate of plant A at this point? Explain your answer.

Answer .....

......[1]



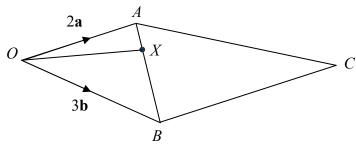
The daily growth rate, h millimeters per day, of another Plant B is related to the t hours of sunlight it receives each day by the formula 2h = t.

(e) (i) On the grid above, draw the graph of 2h = t for  $0 \le t \le 4$ .

[1]

(ii) Find an equation in the form  $t^3 + pt^2 + qt + r = 0$ , where p, q and r are constants to be found, such that the solutions represent the number of hours of sunlight when both Plant A and Plant B have the same daily growth rate.

Answer



OACB is a trapezium.

$$\overrightarrow{OA} = 2\mathbf{a}$$
,  $\overrightarrow{OB} = 3\mathbf{b}$  and  $\overrightarrow{OA} = \frac{2}{3}\overrightarrow{BC}$ .

X is the point on AB such that AX : XB = 1 : 3.

(a)

Expi	ress, as simply as possit	ole, in terms of <b>a</b> an	id/or <b>b</b>
(i)	$\overrightarrow{AX}$ ,		

Answer		[2]
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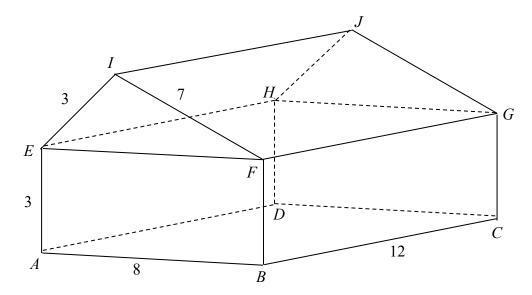
 $\overrightarrow{OX}$ . (ii)

**(b)** Y is the point on BC produced such that BY = 3OA. Find, in terms of **a** and/or **b**,  $\overrightarrow{XY}$ .

[2]

(c)	Explain why O, X and Y lie on a straight line.
	Answer
	[2]
(d)	Find the ratio of the area of triangle $OBX$ to the area of quadrilateral $OACB$ .
	<i>Answer</i> [2]
(e)	W is the point on AB such that triangle $OAW$ is similar to triangle $CBW$ . Find, in terms of <b>a</b> and/or <b>b</b> , $\overrightarrow{OW}$ .

[2]



The diagram shows a solid made of a cuboid *ABCDEFGH* and a triangular prism *EFGHIJ*, resting on level ground.

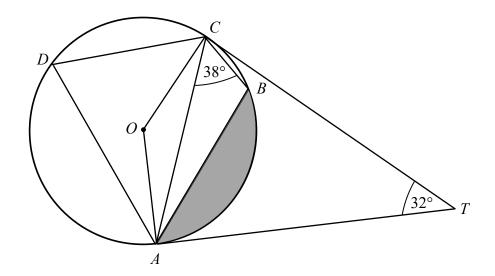
AB = 8 m, BC = 12 m, AE = 3 m, EI = 3 m and FI = 7 m.

(a) Show that angle  $EFI = 21.8^{\circ}$ , correct to 1 decimal place. Answer

[3]

**(b)** Find the volume of the solid, leaving your answer correct to 2 decimal places.

(c)	Find the vertical height of <i>I</i> above the ground.		
		Answerm	[2]
(d)	Find the angle of elevation of $J$ from $B$ .		L-J
		Answer°	[4]



The diagram shows a circle *ABCD*, centre *O*. *AT* and *CT* are tangents to the circle. Angle  $ATC = 32^{\circ}$  and angle  $ACB = 38^{\circ}$ .

(a) Find angle *ADC*. Give a reason for each step of your working.

Answer	 0	[3]

**(b)** Determine if *OC* parallel to *AB*. Give a reason for each step of your working.

Answer

The radius of the circle is 10 cm.

(c)

Calculate the area of the shaded region.			
	Answar	cm <sup>2</sup>	[4]
	mswer	······································	ניין

7 (a) The diagram shows part of a number grid.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
11	47	40	40	<b>7</b> 0	<i>-</i> 1	<i>-</i> ^	<i>-</i> 2	- A

A cross outlining five numbers, as shown, can be placed anywhere on the grid.

(i) If n represents the number in the top left corner of the cross, write down an expression, in terms of n, for the number in the bottom right corner of the cross.

Answer		[1]
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(ii) Show that the difference between the products of the numbers in the opposite corners of the cross is always 36.

Answer

[2]

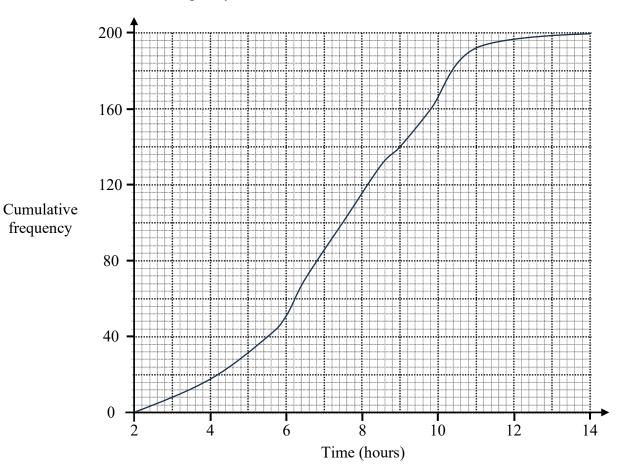
(iii) Show that the sum of the five numbers in the cross cannot be 1715.

Answer

The	<i>n</i> th term of a sequence is given by $T_n = 2n^2 - n + 3$ .	
(i)	Find the value of $T_{10}$ .	
	Answer[	1]
(ii)	The difference, $D$ , between two consecutive terms of the sequence is $T_{n+1} - T_n$ . Show that $D = kn + 1$ , where $k$ is an integer to be found.	
	Answer	
	[2	2]
(iii)	Using the expression from <b>part</b> (ii), explain, without doing any further calculation how the difference between two consecutive terms of the sequence changes as increases by 1 each time.	
	Answer	
	[	- ]
	(i) (ii)	(ii) The difference, D, between two consecutive terms of the sequence is $T_{n+1} - T_n$ . Show that $D = kn + 1$ , where k is an integer to be found.  Answer  (iii) Using the expression from part (ii), explain, without doing any further calculation how the difference between two consecutive terms of the sequence changes as increases by I each time.  Answer

8 A group of 200 teenagers in Singapore were asked how many hours of daily screen time they had, on average, in the last week.

The cumulative frequency curve shows the distribution of the hours.



Use the curve to estimate (a)

frequency

the median hours, (i)

*Answer* ...... hours [1]

the interquartile range of the number of hours. (ii)

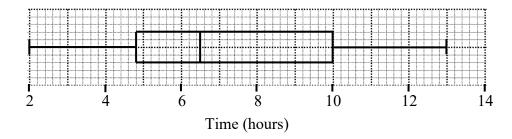
*Answer* ...... hours [2]

**(b)** Find the probability that a teenager selected from this group had a daily screen time of at least 5 hours.

[1]

(c) Another group of 200 teenagers in Country X were also asked how many hours of daily screen time they had, on average, in the last week.

The box-and-whisker plot shows the distribution of the hours.



Make two comparisons between the daily screen time of teenagers in Singapore and in Country X.

An	SИ	vei	•																																
1	•				• • •	 		 	 . <b></b>								 · • •			 			 		 		· • •		 	 			•••		
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9 Mr Tan is engaging a contractor to install large ceiling fans in the school hall.

The hall is a large rectangular space, 30 metres long, 20 metres wide and 8 metres high.

There are two requirements:

- 1. Good air circulation. The fans together must meet the minimum airflow requirement.
- 2. **Comfortable cooling environment**. Each fan must produce an air velocity of at least 0.3 m/s.

Formulas related to the requirements are provided by the vendor.

# Volume of air moved by fan

- Volume of air moved by fan for 1 full rotation (VFR)
  - = circular cross-sectional area of the fan  $\times$  height of air column
- Volume of air moved by fan per second (VPS)
  - = VFR  $\times$  number of full rotations per minute (RPM)  $\div$  60

#### Minimum airflow requirement

- Minimum airflow requirement ( $m^3/min$ ) = total volume of school hall ( $m^3$ ) ÷ 5
- Total airflow generated per minute of fans  $(m^3/min) = VFR \times 70 \times number$  of fans

## Air velocity requirement

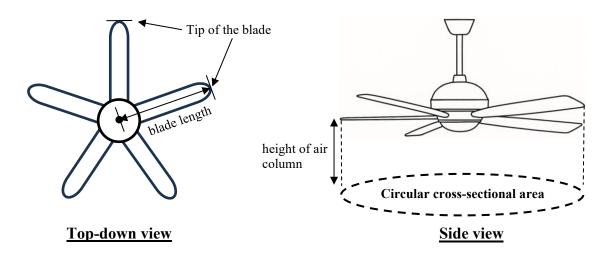
• Air velocity =  $VPS \div circular cross-sectional area of the fan$ 

The vendor also provided the specifications of three fan models.

# Specifications of Fan Models A, B and C

Type	Blade	Number of	Motor	Height of	Number of	Weight
	length (m)	blades	Power (W)	air column (m)	full rotations per minute (RPM)	(kg)
A	2.0	5	75	0.5	60	32.0
В	2.5	5	90	0.5	50	35.0
С	3.0	6	120	0.6	45	38.0

## **Schematic Diagrams of a Fan**



(a) A Type A fan has 5 blades arranged evenly in a circular layout.

Calculate the arc length between two adjacent blades at the tip of the blades.

Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

Answer	m	[1]
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**(b)** Show that the total volume of air moved per second (VPS) by a Type B fan is 8.18 m<sup>3</sup>/s, correct to 3 significant figures.

Answer

(c)	The contractor recommended Mr Tan to install two Type C fans in the school hall.
	Based on the requirements for good air circulation and comfortable cooling, determine if the recommendation is suitable. Justify your decision.
	Answer
	[7]
	END OF PAPER
	4052/02/PRFLIM/4F5NΔ/2025