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CATHOLIC HIGH SCHOOL **2025 Preliminary Examination** **Secondary 4 (O-Level Programme)**

A

Mathematics

4052/02

Paper 2

27 Aug 2025

2 hours 15 minutes

Booklet A

Additional material: Question Booklet B

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your name, index number and class on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer **all** questions in the space provided.

If working is needed for any question, it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

Calculators should be used where appropriate.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to **three significant figures**.

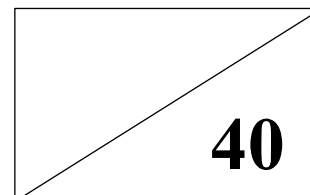
Give answers in **degrees to one decimal place**.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total mark for this paper is **90**.

For examiners' use



This booklet consists of **12** printed pages

Mathematical Formulae

Compound interest

$$\text{Total amount} = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{100} \right)^n$$

Mensuration

$$\text{Curved surface area of a cone} = \pi r l$$

$$\text{Surface area of a sphere} = 4 \pi r^2$$

$$\text{Volume of a cone} = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

$$\text{Volume of a sphere} = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

$$\text{Area of triangle } ABC = \frac{1}{2} a b \sin C$$

$$\text{Arc length} = r \theta, \text{ where } \theta \text{ is in radians}$$

$$\text{Sector area} = \frac{1}{2} r^2 \theta, \text{ where } \theta \text{ is in radians}$$

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2 b c \cos A$$

Statistics

$$\text{Mean} = \frac{\sum f x}{\sum f}$$

$$\text{Standard deviation} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum f x^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum f x}{\sum f} \right)^2}$$

- 1** Every evening Juline and Evangeline play a game of tic-tac-toe. When they play against each other, Juline has a $\frac{2}{5}$ chance of winning and Evangeline has a $\frac{1}{6}$ chance of winning. Find, as a fraction in its simplest form, the probability that
- (i)** Juline will win on both Monday and Tuesday next week.

Answer [1]

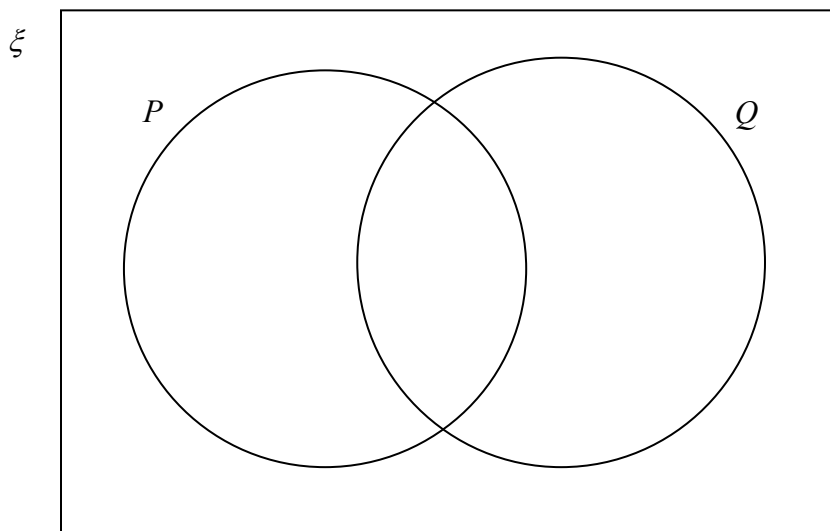
- (ii)** Juline will win on either Wednesday or Thursday next week but not on both days.

Answer[2]

- (iii)** it will be a draw on Friday next week.

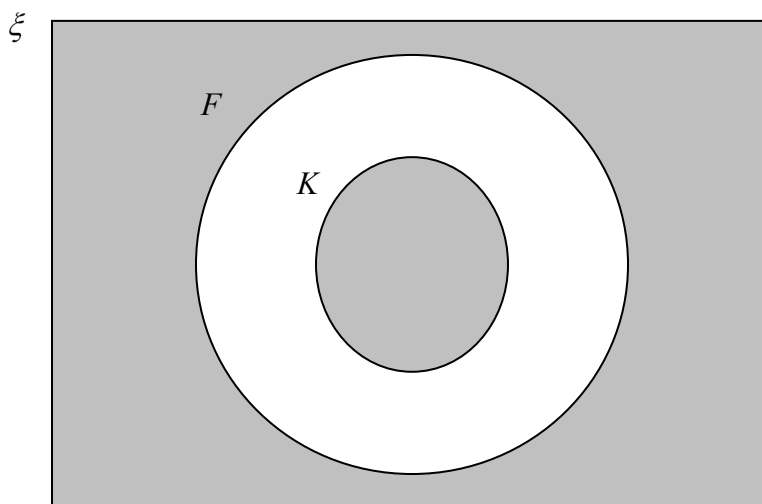
Answer[2]

2(a)(i) On the Venn diagram, shade the region which represents $(P' \cap Q)'$.



[1]

(ii) Use set notation to describe the shaded region.



Answer[1]

2(b) $\xi = \{\text{integers } x : 20 \leq x \leq 50\}$

$A = \{\text{perfect square}\}$

$B = \{\text{prime numbers}\}$

$C = \{\text{multiples of 7}\}$

- (i)** List the elements in $A \cap C'$.

Answer[1]

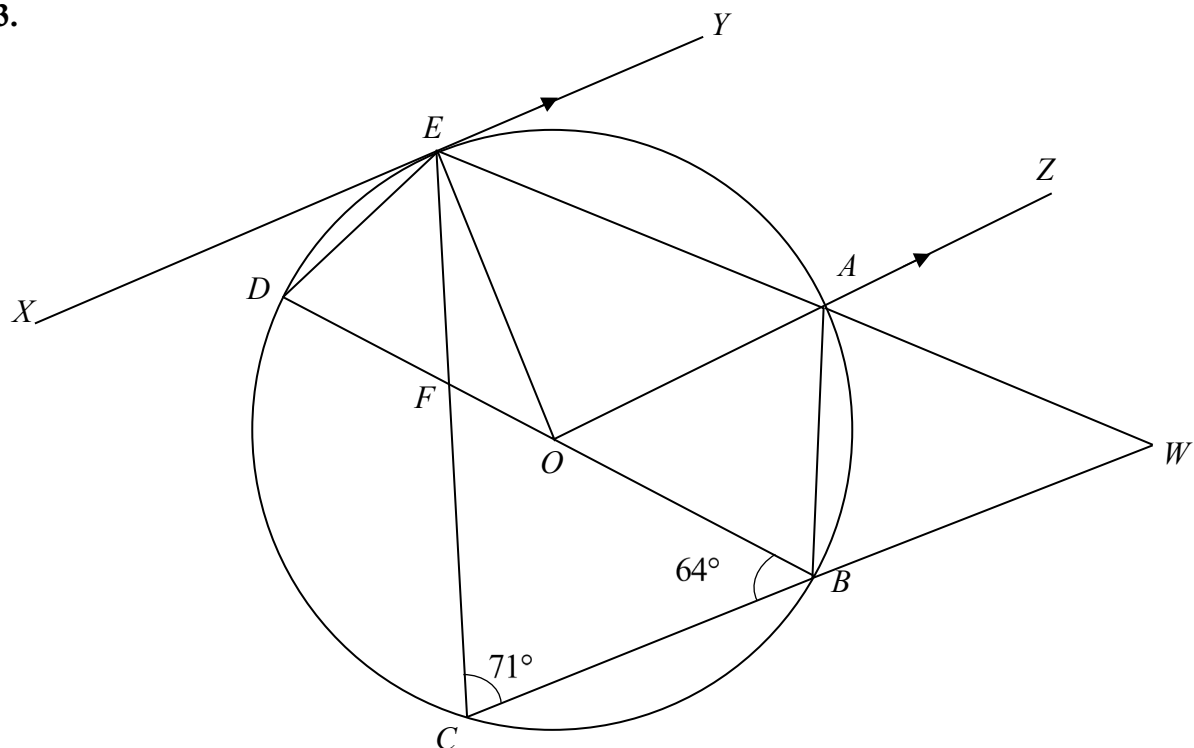
- (ii)** Find the value of $n(B \cap C)$.

Answer[1]

- (iii)** A number, p , is chosen at random from the set $(B \cup C)$.
Find the probability that $p \in A$.

Answer[2]

3.



O is the centre of the circle $ABCDE$. XY is a tangent to the circle at E and EC intersects BD at F . OZ is a straight line that passes through A and is parallel to XY . The lines CB produced and EA produced meet at W . $\angle BCE = 71^\circ$ and $\angle OBC = 64^\circ$.

(a) Complete the following statements.

(i) $\angle BDE = \dots\dots\dots^\circ$

because $\dots\dots\dots$ [2]

(ii) $\angle AOE = \dots\dots\dots^\circ$

because $\dots\dots\dots$ [2]

Find

(b) $\angle BOE$,

Answer $\angle BOE = \dots\dots\dots^\circ$ [1]

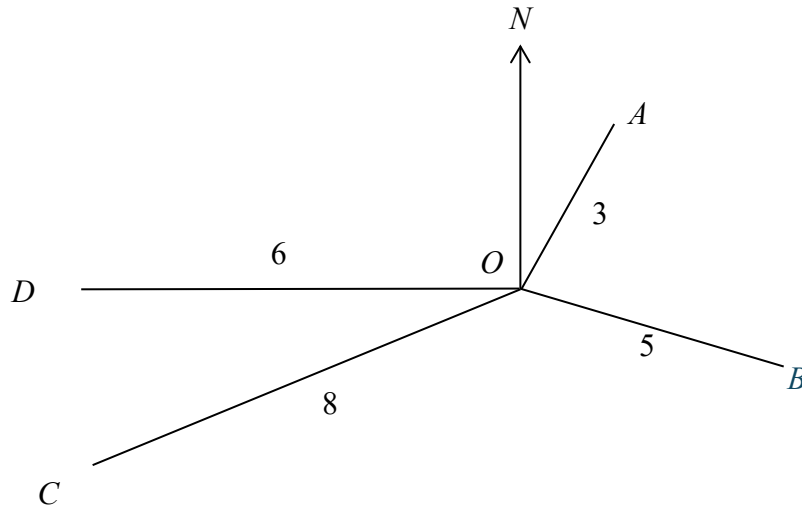
(c) $\angle OCE$,

Answer $\angle OCE = \dots\dots\dots^\circ$ [1]

(d) $\angle ABW$.

Answer $\angle ABW = \dots\dots\dots^\circ$ [2]

4. In the diagram, a lighthouse is at O .
 Four ships, A , B , C and D are positioned around it with $OA = 3$ km, $OB = 5$ km, $OC = 8$ km and $OD = 6$ km. The bearing of A from O is 027° and the bearing of B from O is 103° . Ship D lies due west of O and Ship C lies due south of D .



- (a) Calculate the distance between Ship A and Ship B .

Answerkm [3]

- (b) The keeper of the lighthouse is standing on top of the lighthouse, which is 20 m tall. Calculate the angle of depression, from where he is standing to Ship *A*.

Answer ° [2]

- (c) Calculate the bearing of Ship *C* from *O*.

Answer ° [2]

- (d) A speedboat travels directly from Ship A to Ship B . Calculate the shortest distance between the speedboat and the lighthouse during its journey.

Answer km [2]

- (e) It is suggested that Ships A , B and the lighthouse at O form a right-angled triangle. Showing your working clearly, determine whether this is true.

Answer

[2]

- 5. (a)** As part of a school fundraising event, Jamie buys x boxes of snacks for a total of \$180. She plans to sell each box at a profit of 80 cents.

(i) Write, in terms of x , an expression for the price, in dollars, Jamie paid for one box.

Answer \$..... [1]

(ii) Hence, write an expression for her selling price, in dollars, of one box.

Answer \$.....[1]

- (b)** Jamie managed to sell all except 15 of the boxes and collected \$171 from his sales. Form an equation in x , and show that it simplifies to $4x^2 - 15x - 13500 = 0$.

Answer Shown above [3]

- (c) Showing your working clearly, solve the equation in (b) and calculate the selling price of 1 box of snacks.

Answer $x = \dots\dots\dots$

Selling price = \$.....[3]

- (d) Jamie considers increasing her selling price by \$0.25 per box for the remaining 15 boxes. Would this allow her to make a profit overall?
Justify your conclusion with mathematical calculations.

Answer

[2]

END OF BOOKLET A

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CATHOLIC HIGH SCHOOL
2025 Preliminary Examination
Secondary 4 (O-Level Programme)

B

Mathematics

Paper 2

4052/02

27 August 2025

Booklet B

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

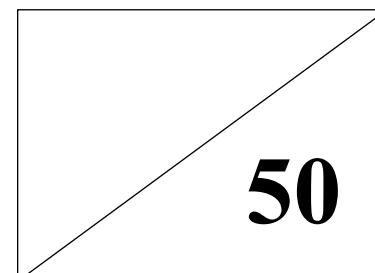
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For examiners' use



This booklet consists of **17** printed pages and **1** blank pages.

- 6.(a)** Complete the table of values for $y = \frac{1}{10}\left(x^2 + \frac{7}{x}\right)$.

Values are given to one decimal place where appropriate.

x	0.6	1	1.5	2.2	3.1	4	5.1	5.8
y	1.2	0.8	0.7	0.8		1.8	2.7	3.5

[1]

- (b)** On the grid opposite, draw the graph of $y = \frac{1}{10}\left(x^2 + \frac{7}{x}\right)$ for $0.6 \leq x \leq 5.8$. [3]

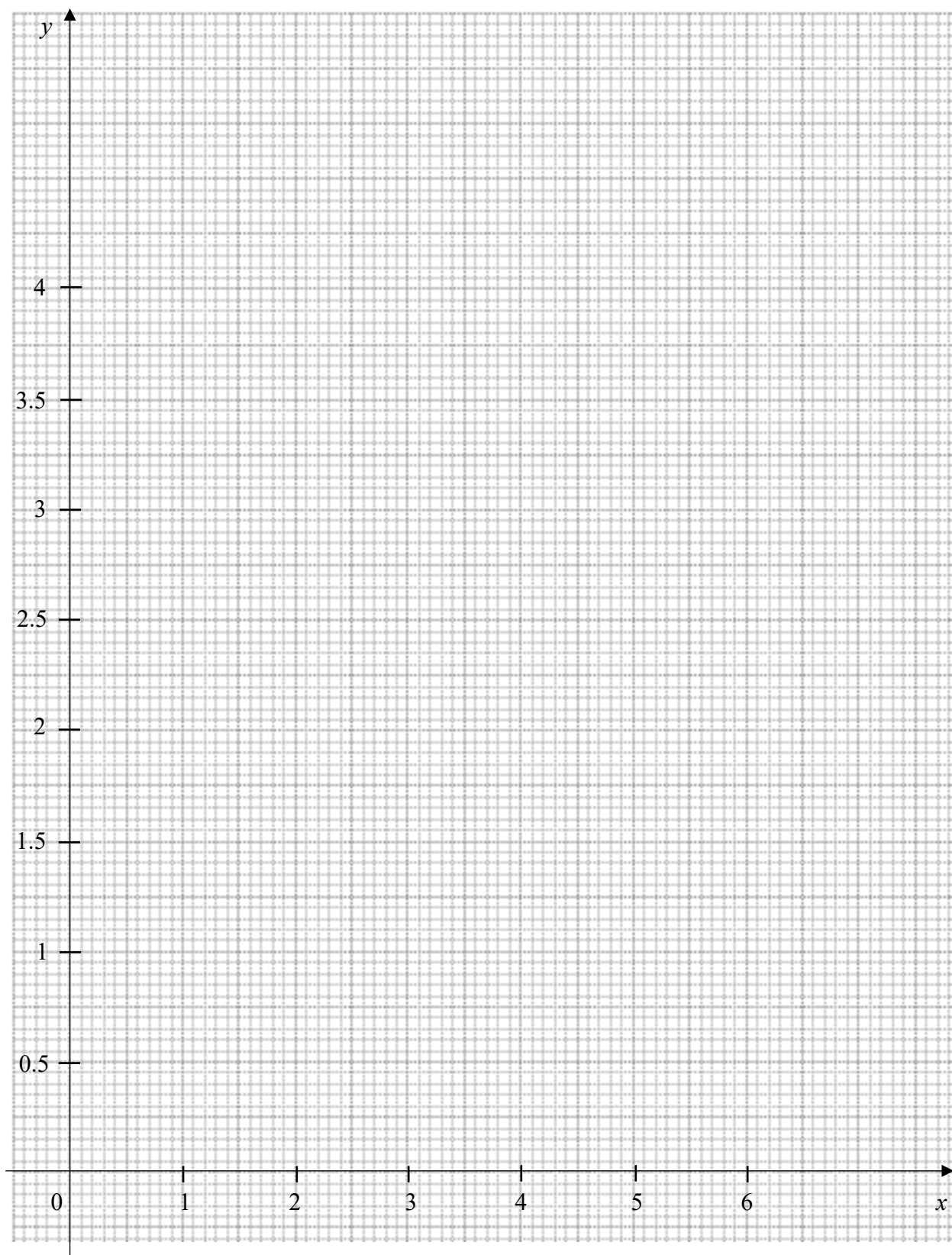
- (c)** Using your graph, estimate the value(s) of x for which $x^2 + \frac{7}{x} = 20$, where $0.6 \leq x \leq 5.8$.

Answer $x = \dots\dots\dots$ [2]

- (d) (i)** On the same grid, draw the graph of $3y - x = 3$ for $0.6 \leq x \leq 5.8$. [1]

- (ii)** Write down the x -coordinates of the points where the line intersects the curve.

Answer $x = \dots\dots\dots$ and $x = \dots\dots\dots$ [2]



- (iii) These values of x are solutions of the equation $3x^3 + Ax^2 + Bx + 21 = 0$.
Find the value of A and of B .

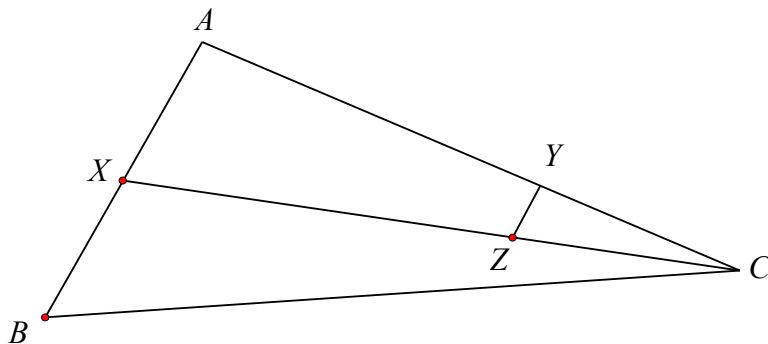
Answer $A = \dots\dots\dots$

$B = \dots\dots\dots$ [3]

- (e) By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve where $x = 2.2$.

Answer $\dots\dots\dots$ [2]

7. ABC is a triangle. $\overrightarrow{AB} = \mathbf{p}$ and $\overrightarrow{AC} = \mathbf{q}$. X is the midpoint of AB . Z and Y are points on XC and AC respectively such that $\overrightarrow{XZ} = \frac{2}{3} \overrightarrow{XC}$ and $\overrightarrow{YC} = k \overrightarrow{AC}$.



- (a) Express the following vectors in terms of $\mathbf{p}$ and/or $\mathbf{q}$, giving your answers in the simplest terms.

(i) $\overrightarrow{AX}$,

Answer $\overrightarrow{AX} = \dots\dots\dots [1]$

(ii) $\overrightarrow{CX}$.

Answer $\overrightarrow{CX} = \dots\dots\dots [2]$

- (b) Express $\overrightarrow{YZ}$ in terms of k , $\mathbf{p}$ and $\mathbf{q}$.

Answer $\overrightarrow{YZ} = \dots\dots\dots [2]$

- (c) Given that YZ is parallel to AX , find the numerical value of
 (i) k ,

Answer $k = \dots\dots\dots [1]$

(ii) $\frac{YZ}{AB}$,

Answer $\frac{YZ}{AB} = \dots\dots\dots [1]$

(iii) $\frac{\text{Area of } \triangle XYZ}{\text{Area of } \triangle ABC}$.

Answer $\frac{\text{Area of } \triangle XYZ}{\text{Area of } \triangle ABC} = \dots\dots\dots [1]$

8. A manufacturer sells lightbulbs under two different brands, **BrightLite** and **EcoGlow**. The lifespan, in days, of **500 BrightLite lightbulbs** is summarised in the table below.

Lifespan of **BrightLite Lightbulbs**

Length of life (x days)	Number of bulbs
$100 < x \leq 120$	15
$120 < x \leq 140$	35
$140 < x \leq 160$	70
$160 < x \leq 180$	130
$180 < x \leq 200$	150
$200 < x \leq 220$	80
$220 < x \leq 240$	20

- (a) (i) Calculate an estimate of the mean lifespan of the **BrighLite bulbs** in days.

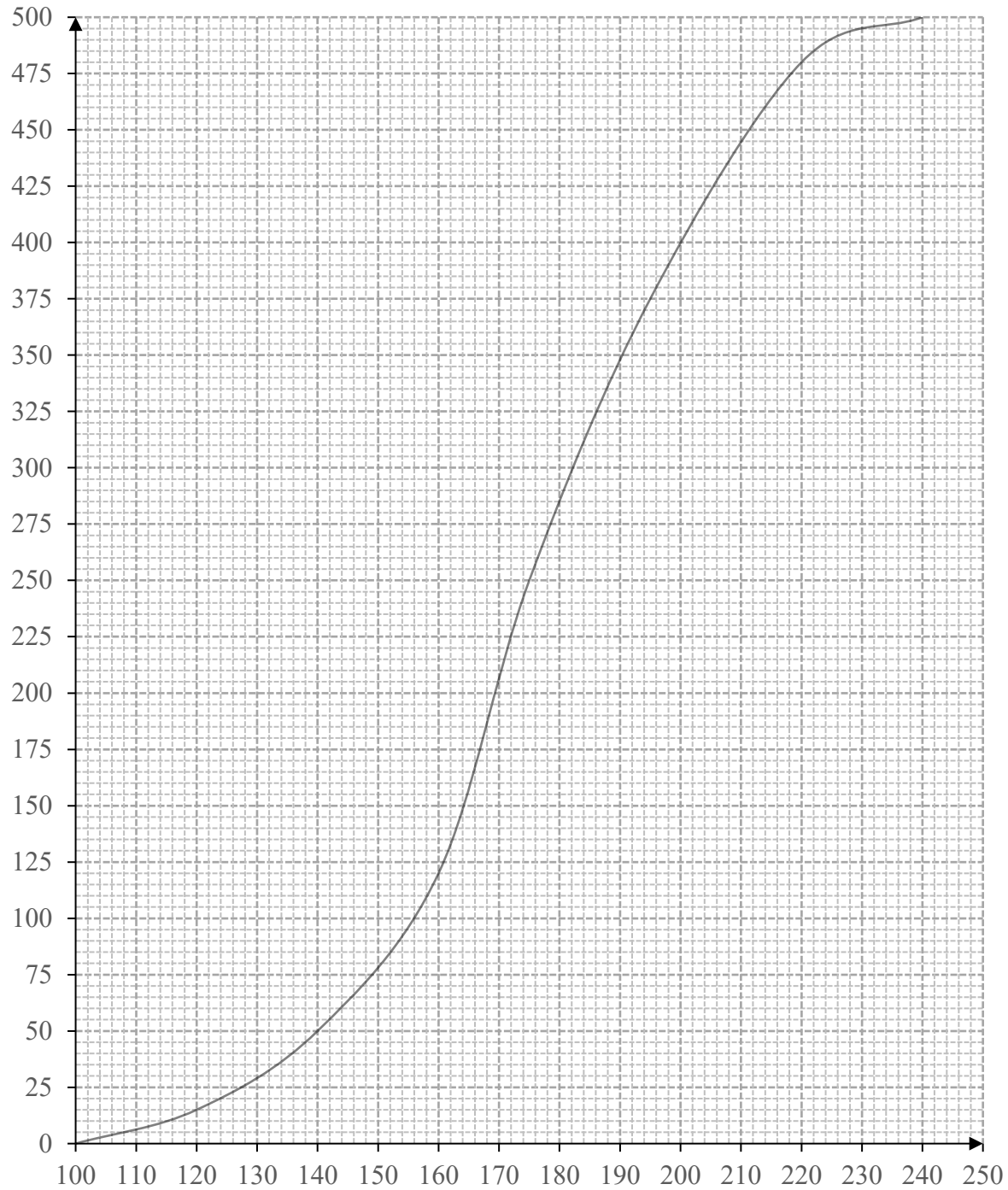
Answer.....days [1]

- (ii) Calculate an estimate of the standard deviation.

Answerdays [1]

- (b) The cumulative frequency curve shows the same information for the 500 **BrightLite** **Bulbs**.

Cumulative Frequency



Lifespan of Lightbulbs in Days

Use the curve to estimate

- (i) the median lifespan of the bulbs,

Answerdays[1]

- (ii) the interquartile range of the lifespans.

Answerdays [2]

- (iv) If a bulb is selected, find the probability that its lifespan is more than 160 days.

Answer[2]

- (iv) 90% of the bulbs have lifespan more than n days. Find n .

Answer $n =$ [1]

- (v) If two bulbs are randomly chosen, find the probability that one bulb has a lifespan of more than 160 days while the other has a lifespan of less than 140 days.

Answer[2]

- (c) The manufacturer also tested 500 **EcoGlow bulbs**. These bulbs had a smaller interquartile range as the **BrightLite bulbs**, but the same median lifespan. Describe how the cumulative frequency curve for the **EcoGlow bulbs** may differ from that of the **BrightLite bulbs**.

Answer

[1]

9. A company produces four types of healthy snacks — granola bars, fruit juices, protein shakes, and yoghurt cups. The quantities delivered daily to three health stores are shown in the table below.

Snack Type	Granola Bars	Fruit Juices	Protein Shakes	Yoghurt Cups
Store A	45	30	25	20
Store B	50	25	30	35
Store C	60	40	20	25

- (a) Write down a 3×4 matrix P to show the number of each type of snack delivered to each store.

Answer $P = \dots\dots\dots[1]$

- (b) The cost of each granola bar, fruit juice, protein shake, and yoghurt cup is \$1.50, \$2.00, \$3.20 and \$1.80 respectively. Represent these prices in a 4×1 column matrix Q .

(c) Evaluate the matrix $T = PQ$.

Answer $Q = \dots\dots\dots[1]$

Answer $T = \dots\dots\dots[2]$

(d) State what each of the elements in matrix T represents.

Answer

[1]

(e) (i) Find the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}P$.

Answer $\dots\dots\dots[1]$

(ii) Explain what each element in $(1 \ 1 \ 1)P$ represents.

Answer

[1]

10. Alex is starting a vertical farming business in Singapore, using hydroponics to grow leafy vegetables in an indoor warehouse space of floor area 50 m² with a ceiling height of 2.5 metres. The current setup consists of 8 vertical hydroponic shelves arranged within the space.

Fixed Overheads and Costs:

- Electricity: \$0.25 per kWh
- Water: \$2.50 per m³
- Nutrients: \$0.30 per kg of vegetables grown

The business rents a government-subsidised commercial unit at a special rate of **\$500/month**, under a national initiative to support sustainable urban agriculture and small business growth.

The table below gives information on the Monthly Production, Unit price, and Resource Usage for January to June 2025.

Month	Monthly production (kg)	Price (\$/kg)	Resource Usage	
			Electricity (kWh)	Water (m ³)
Jan	240	6.00	800	15
Feb	260	6.10	820	16
Mar	280	6.20	840	17
Apr	300	6.30	860	18
May	320	6.40	880	19
Jun	340	6.50	900	20

(a) Calculate the profit for the month of June.

Answer \$[3]

(b) Suggest a possible reason for the increase in crop prices from January to June.

Answer

[1]

- (c) The vertical farming system uses hydroponic shelves, each measuring 2.0 m (length) $\times$ 0.5 m (width) $\times$ 1.8 m (height), with 5 levels of planting trays per shelf. Each level grows 10 kg of vegetables per month. There are currently 8 such shelves arranged in the warehouse. Safety guidelines require a minimum clearance of 0.2 m from the ground and 0.5 m from the ceiling.

The maximum number of shelves that can be installed is limited by both walking and maintenance space requirements. Each shelf occupies **2.0 m $\times$ 0.5 m** of floor space, and minimum clear walking space of **0.5 m** must be provided around each shelf. This clearance applies to the warehouse walls and between shelves.

The warehouse has a total floor area of **50 m²** (10 m $\times$ 5 m).

Due to airflow and light distribution limits, the maximum number of shelves that can physically fit in the warehouse is limited.

- For **10 shelves or fewer**, each shelf operates at **100 %** of its production capacity.
- When **11 or more shelves** are installed, airflow saturation occurs, reducing the production of **all** shelves to **85 %** of their monthly production.
- In addition, **each shelf beyond the 10th** operates at only **70 %** of its monthly production due to poor light and air mixing at the edges.

Alex's goal is to **maximise revenue** for the month of July. Assume that the unit price and resource usage for July is the same as June.

Task:

Determine the number of shelves Alex should install. Justify your answer clearly with mathematical calculations that consider both **space constraints** and the **productivity limitations**. You may wish to draw diagrams to aid in your understanding.

[6]

Continue with solutions for 10(c)

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END OF BOOKLET B